

## 7.3 Washers and Shells

$$V_{\text{washer}} = \pi((\text{outer radius})^2 - (\text{inner radius})^2)(\text{thickness})$$

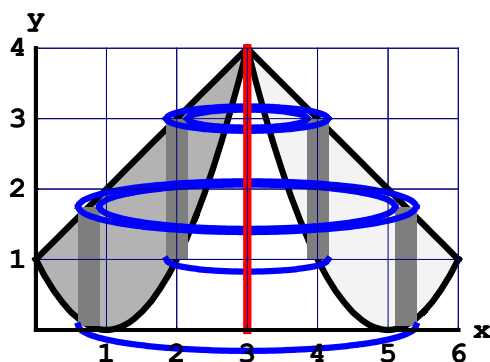
$$V_{\text{shell}} = 2\pi(\text{radius})(\text{altitude})(\text{thickness})$$

Procedure for setting up a volume integral for a solid of revolution:

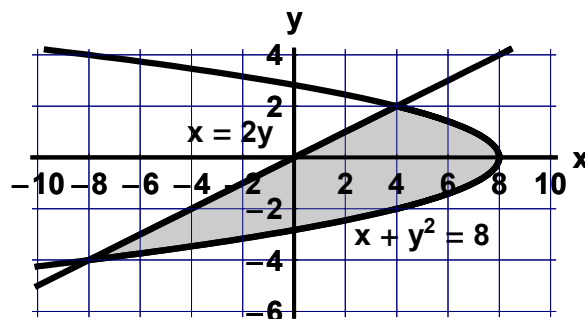
- (1) Determine the independent variable (x or y).
- (2) Determine the axis of rotation (x or y).
- (3) If the variables match, use washers. If the variables don't match, use shells.
- (4) Set up all components using top – bottom or right – left.

For problems 1 – 8, find the volume of the indicated solid.

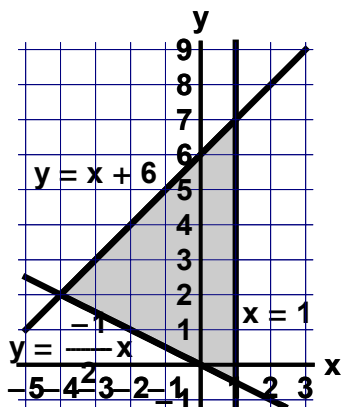
1.  $y = x + 1$  and  $y = (x - 1)^2$ ,  
rotated around the line  $x = 3$ .



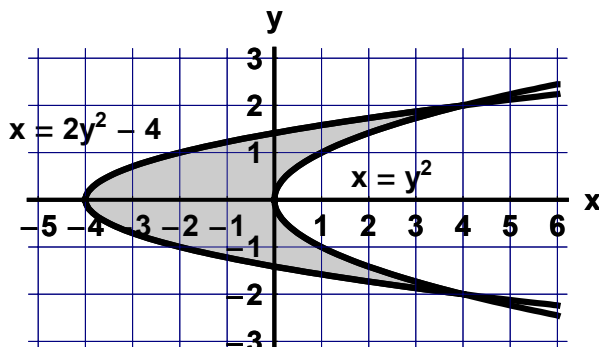
2.  $x = 2y$  and  $x + y^2 = 8$ ,  
rotated around the line  $y = 2$ .



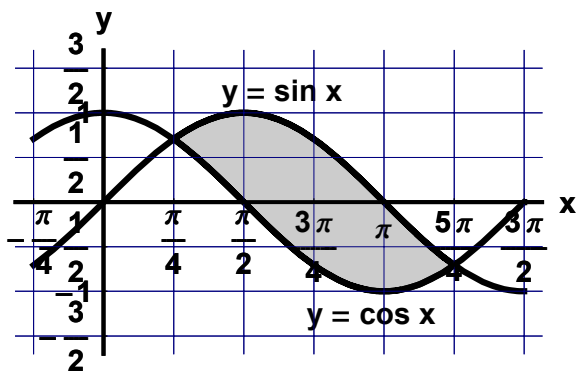
3.  $y = x + 6$ ,  $y = \frac{-1}{2}x$ , and  $x = 1$ ,  
rotated around the line  $y = -1$ .



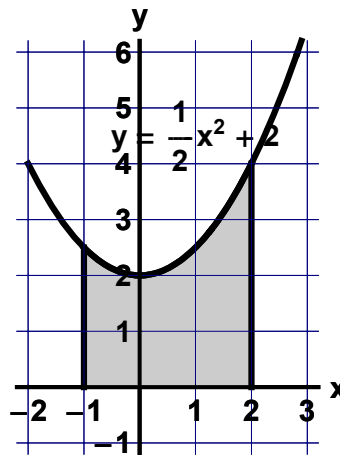
4.  $x = 2y^2 - 4$  and  $x = y^2$ ,  
rotated around the line  $x = 4$ .



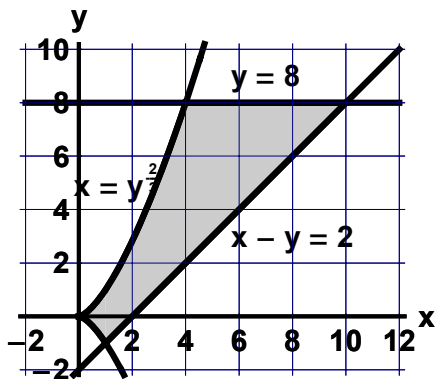
5.  $y = \sin x$  and  $y = \cos x$ , on the interval  $[\frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{5\pi}{4}]$ ,  
rotated around the line  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ .



6.  $y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2$ ,  $y = 0$ ,  $x = -1$ , and  $x = 2$ ,  
rotated around the line  $y = 5$ .



7.  $x = y^{\frac{2}{3}}$ ,  $y = 8$ , and  $x - y = 2$ ,  
rotated around the line  $y = -2$ .



8.  $y = 2x$  and  $y = \frac{1}{8}x^3$ ,  
rotated around the line  $y = 8$ .

